

## National 5

### Homework RE2

1. Solve each of these equations:

(a)  $3(x+3) + 2(x+1) = 31$

(b)  $4x - (x-2) = 18 - 3x$

2. Solve these inequalities

(a)  $5 + 2(1+3x) \leq 37$

(b)  $4(t-3) - 17 \leq -3(t-1)$

3. (a) Draw an accurate graph of each of these straight lines

(i)  $x + y = 8$

(ii)  $x = 5$

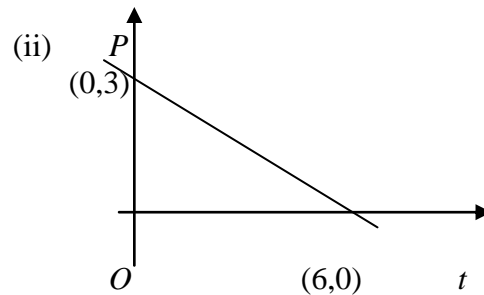
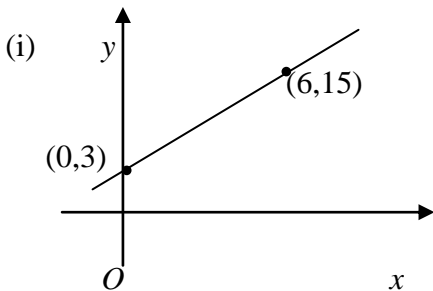
(b) Write down the coordinates of the point of intersection of these two lines.

4. Find the gradient and y-intercept of each of these straight lines

(a)  $y = 10 - x$

(b)  $3x + 4y = 24$

5. Find the equation of each of these straight lines:



6. The following number patterns can be used to sum consecutive square numbers:

$$1^2 + 2^2 = \frac{2 \times 3 \times 5}{6};$$

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 = \frac{3 \times 4 \times 7}{6};$$

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 = \frac{4 \times 5 \times 9}{6}.$$

(a) Express  $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + \dots + 10^2$  in the same way.

(b) Express  $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + \dots + n^2$  in the same way.

7. Simplify:

(a)  $\frac{3x-12}{x^2-16}$

(b)  $\frac{a^2-2a+1}{a^2-1}$ .

8. Rationalise the denominator

(a)  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}}$

(b)  $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{2}}$

9. An aircraft weighs  $t$  tonnes when fully loaded. It uses  $f$  tonnes of fuel per hour. If the weight of the aircraft after  $h$  hours of flight is  $W$  tonnes, write down a formula for  $W$ .  
Hence calculate  $W$  when  $t = 14$ ,  $f = 0.25$  and  $h = 3$ .

10. The points A and B have coordinates  $(a, a^2)$  and  $(2b, 4b^2)$ , respectively.  
Determine the gradient of AB, expressing your answer in its simplest form.

11. Evaluate, without a calculator

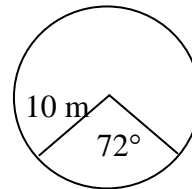
(a)  $3.8 - 7.36 \div 8$

(b)  $3.15 \div 300$

(c)  $12.5\%$  of £140

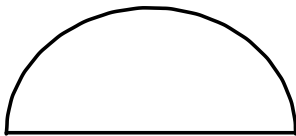
12. Find the area of the sector shown,  
leaving your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .  
The radius is 10 m.

12.



13. (a) Simplify  $b^{\frac{1}{3}} b^{\frac{5}{3}} - b^{\frac{2}{3}}$ .  
(b) If  $b = -2$  evaluate this expression.

14.



The sketch shows a semicircle and diameter.

The radius of the semicircle is  $r$  units.

If the area of the figure and the perimeter of the figure are numerically equal, show that

$$r = \frac{4}{\pi} + 2.$$